

Supported by:



on the basis of a decision
by the German Bundestag

Computing energy system transformation pathways with high spatial and temporal resolution

EURO2018, Valencia, July 11th 2018

Manuel Wetzel

German Aerospace Center (DLR)
Systems Analysis and Technology Assessment

A PROJECT BY



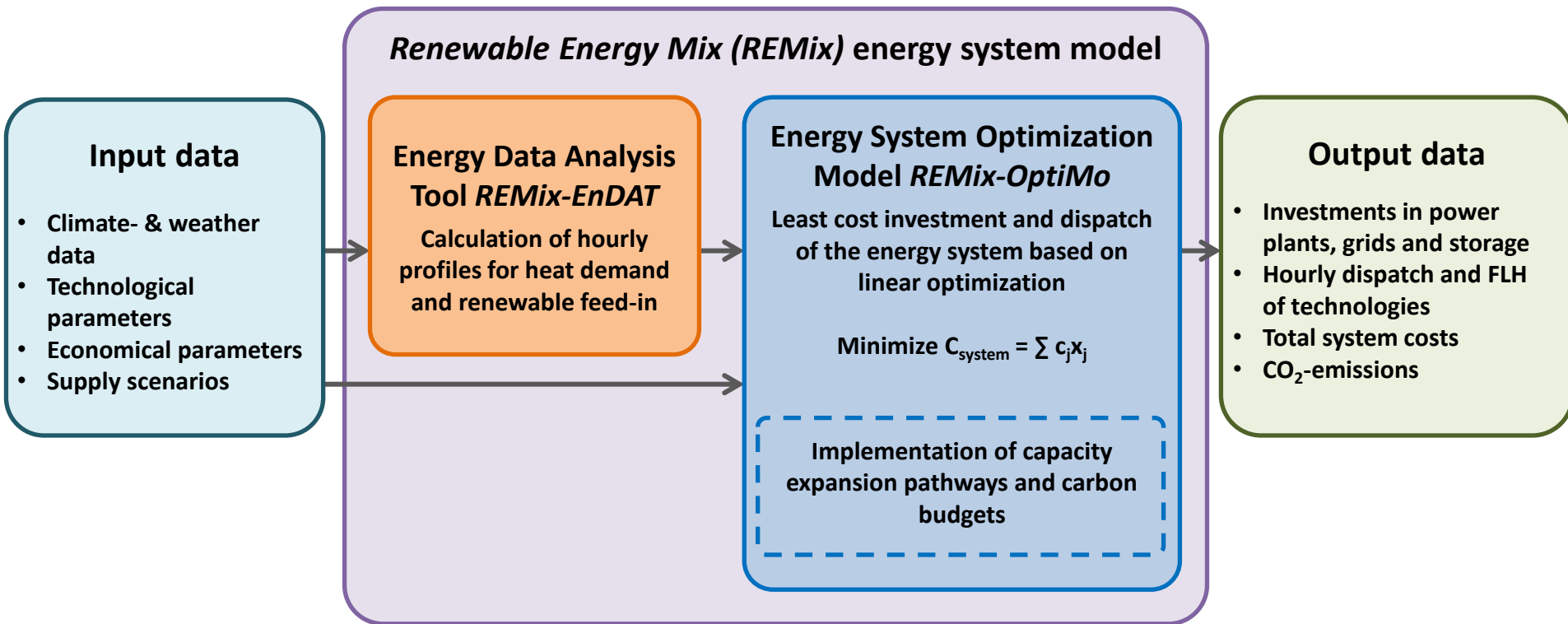
H L R I S



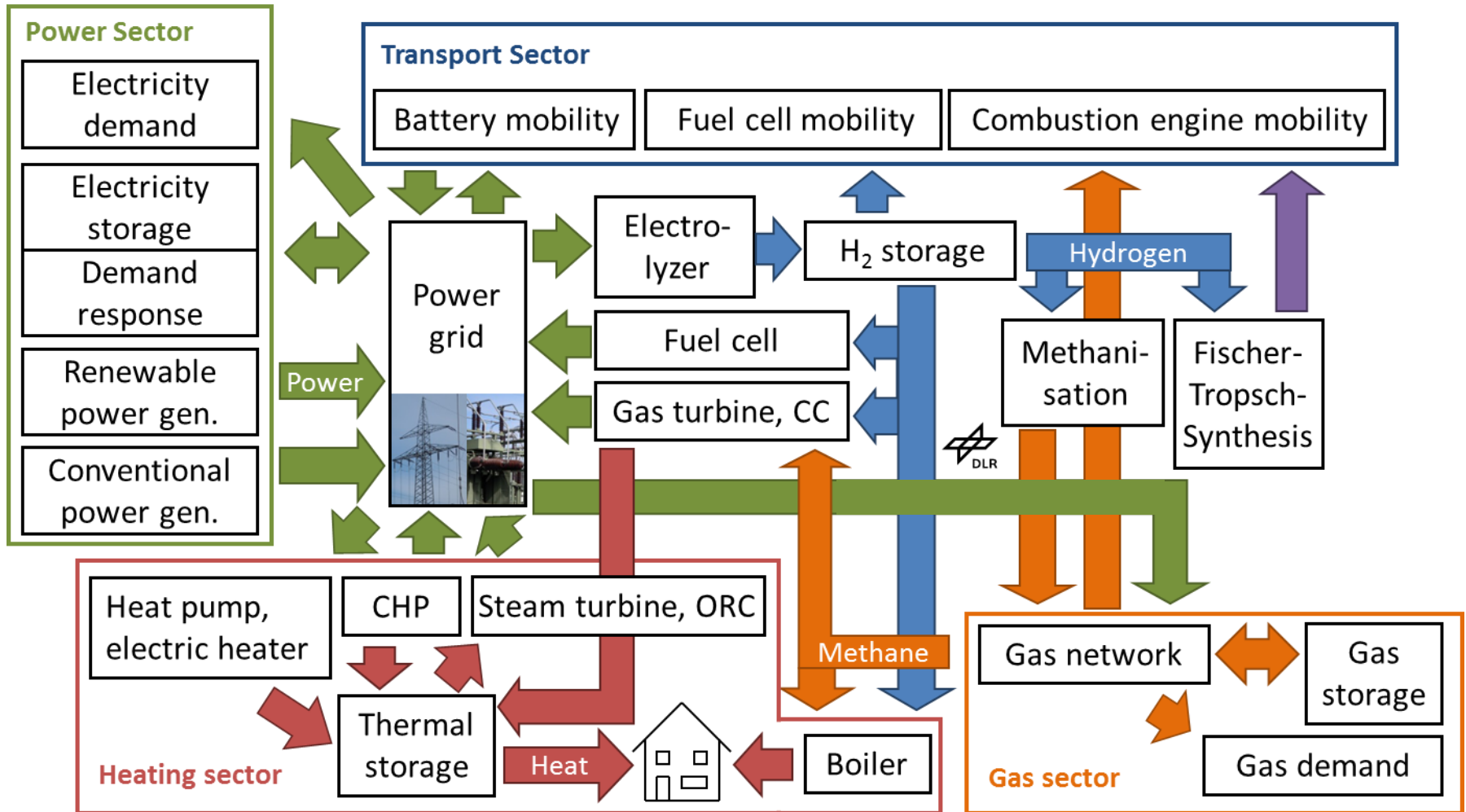
Deutsches Zentrum
für Luft- und Raumfahrt
German Aerospace Center



The energy system model REMix



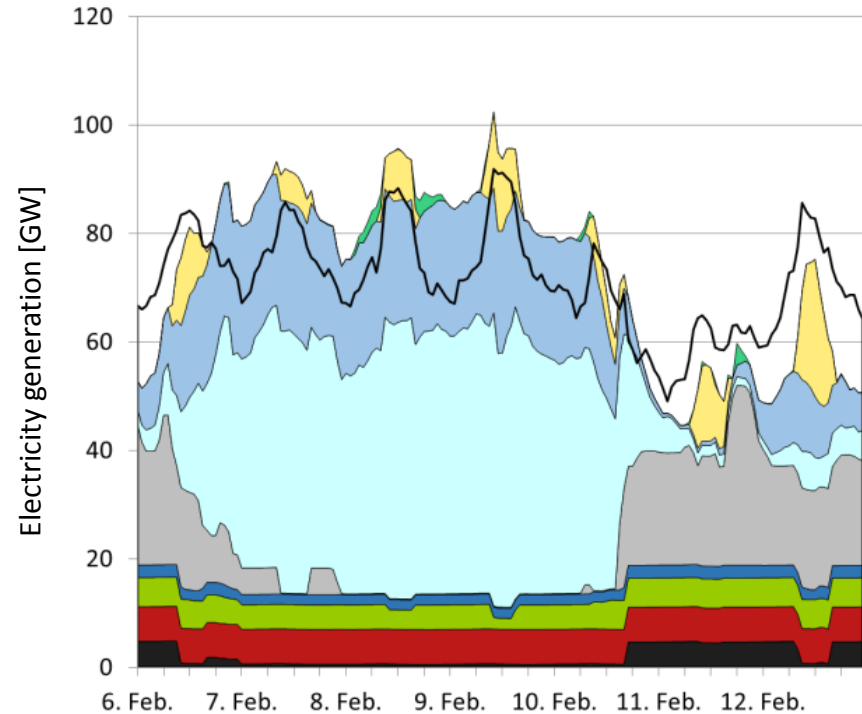
Increasing energy system complexity



Dimensionality of REMix problems



60 geographical regions,
86 AC transmission lines,
128 HVDC transmission lines



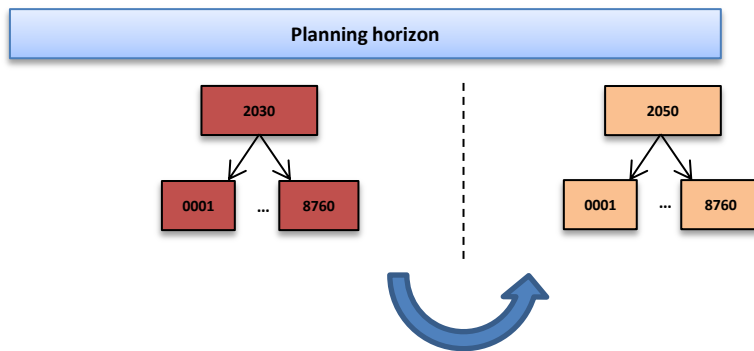
~ 30 technology levels with
8760 time steps per year

- Typical problems with up to 120 E6 variables and constraints
- Hourly dispatch is the computationally most demanding feature

Target-year optimization

using full hourly time resolution

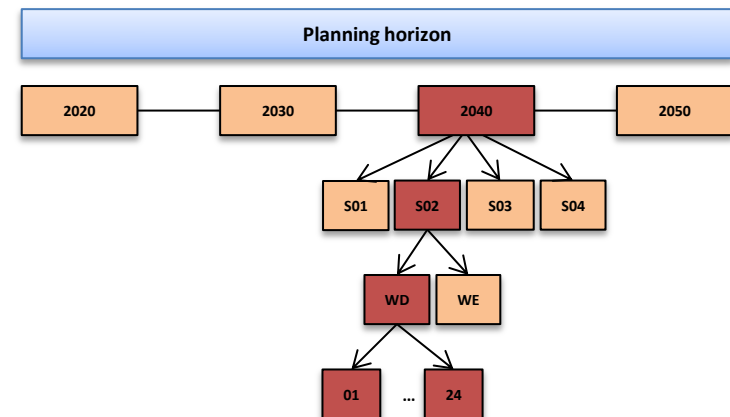
- + fluctuating renewable energies
- + flexibility options
- + hourly security of supply
- transformation path is implied
- sensitivity analysis to show robustness



Multi-year planning horizons

using representative weeks / hours / days

- + avoids technological lock-in
- + integral carbon budgets
- flexibility options
- delayed invests with technological learning



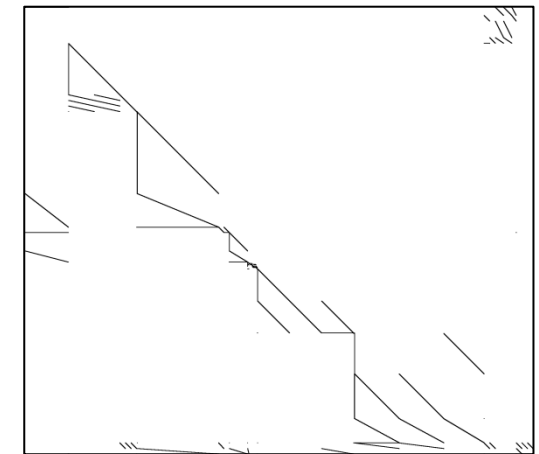
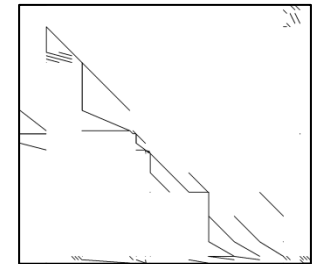
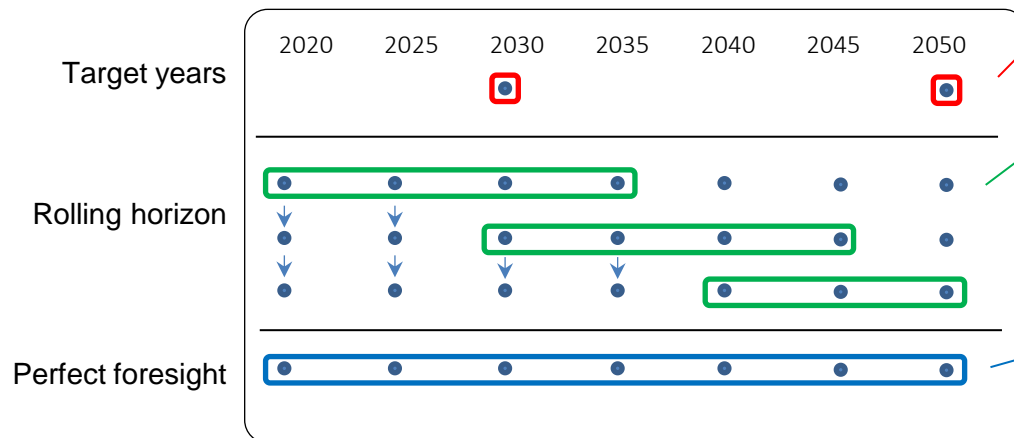
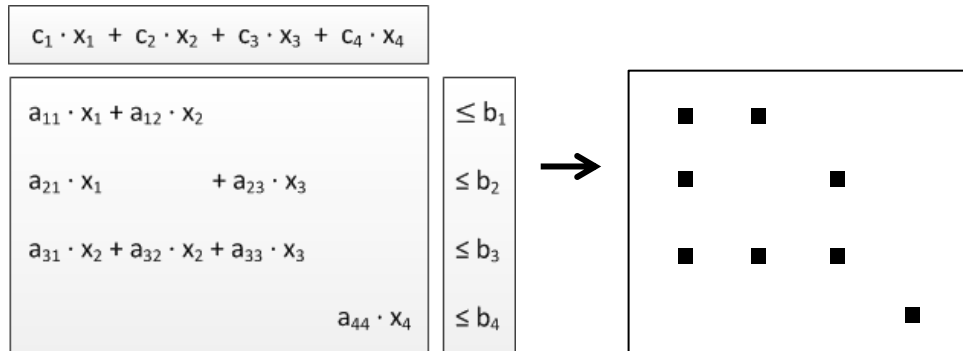
What is the systematic bias introduced by the two approaches?

→ Solve the integrated problem as a reference

Plotting the matrix structure

$$\min c \cdot x$$

$$A \cdot x \leq b$$



The limits of linear optimization

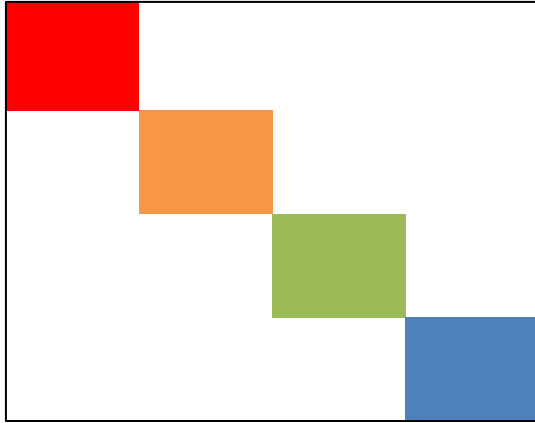
Planning horizon	1 year	4 years	8 years	12 years
Variables	54.5 E6	218.2 E6	429.0 E6	640 E6
Constraints	47.2 E6	188.2 E6	371.6 E6	560 E6
Nonzeros	199.8 E6	795.5 E6	1585.6 E6	2400 E6

XPRESS barrier: 2 TB RAM, 26 h
CPLEX simplex: 500 GB RAM, 24 h+

No barrier run possible with 2 TB RAM

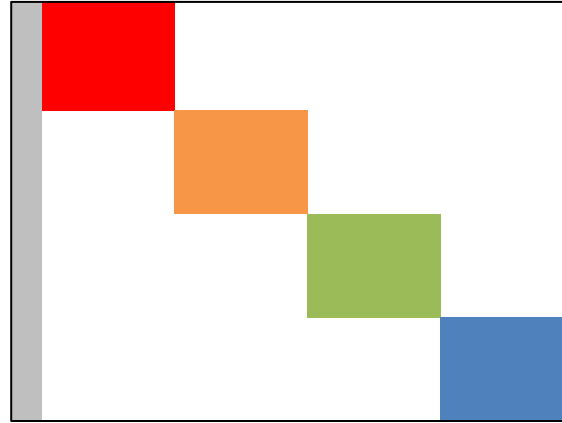
GAMS reports -1,9 bio. non-zeroes

Identifying matrix structures



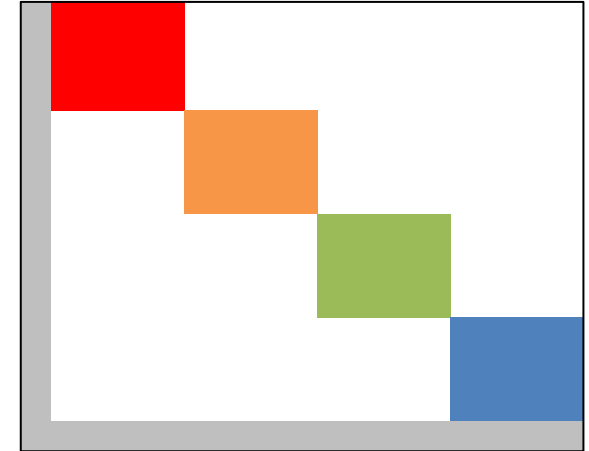
Disintegrated problem

Simultaneous solving of individual blocks



Stochastic problem

Individual blocks connected by first stage decision



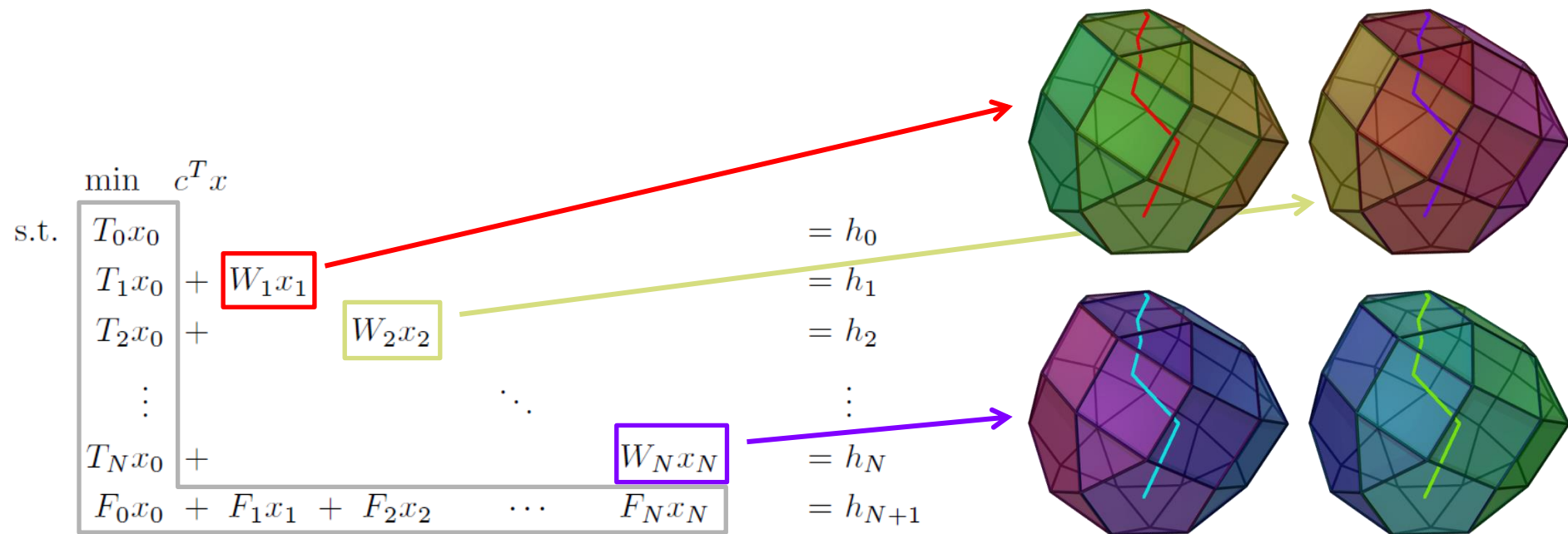
Block structured problem

Blocks connected by linking variables and constraints

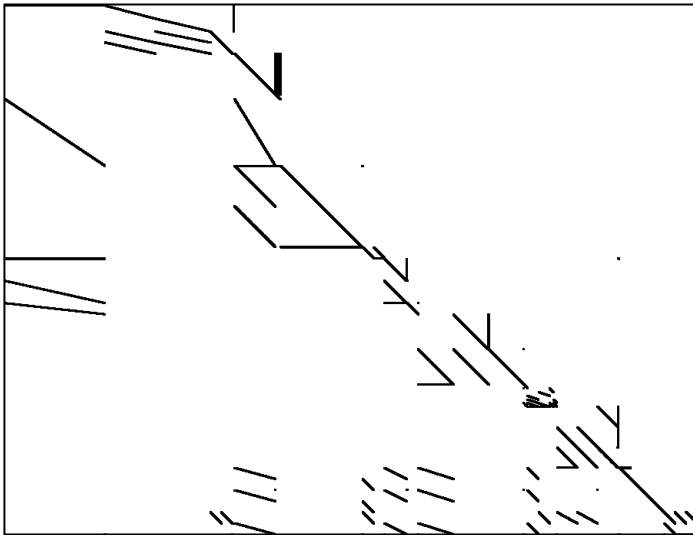


A parallel solver: PIPS-IPM

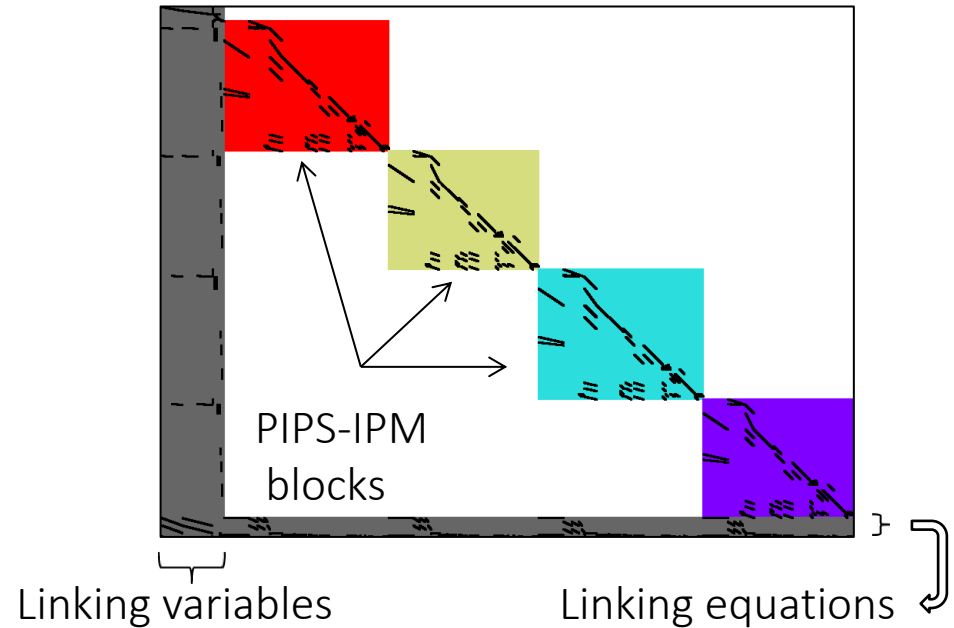
- Petra et al. 2014: “Real-Time Stochastic Optimization of Complex Energy Systems on High-Performance Computers”
- Ongoing solver development during the BEAM-ME project
- Structure of decomposition (annotation) required



Matrix of **non-zero entries** of REMix LP



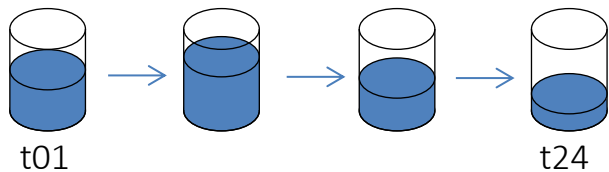
Permuted matrix revealing **block structure**



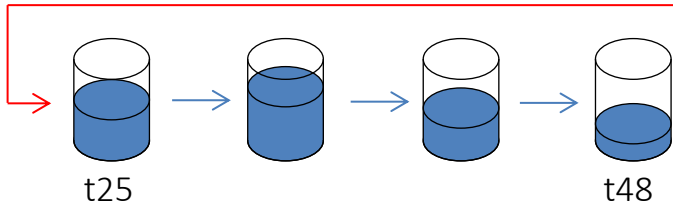
Annotation – temporal decomposition I

Linking by time: storage, load shifting, annual constraints

time block 1

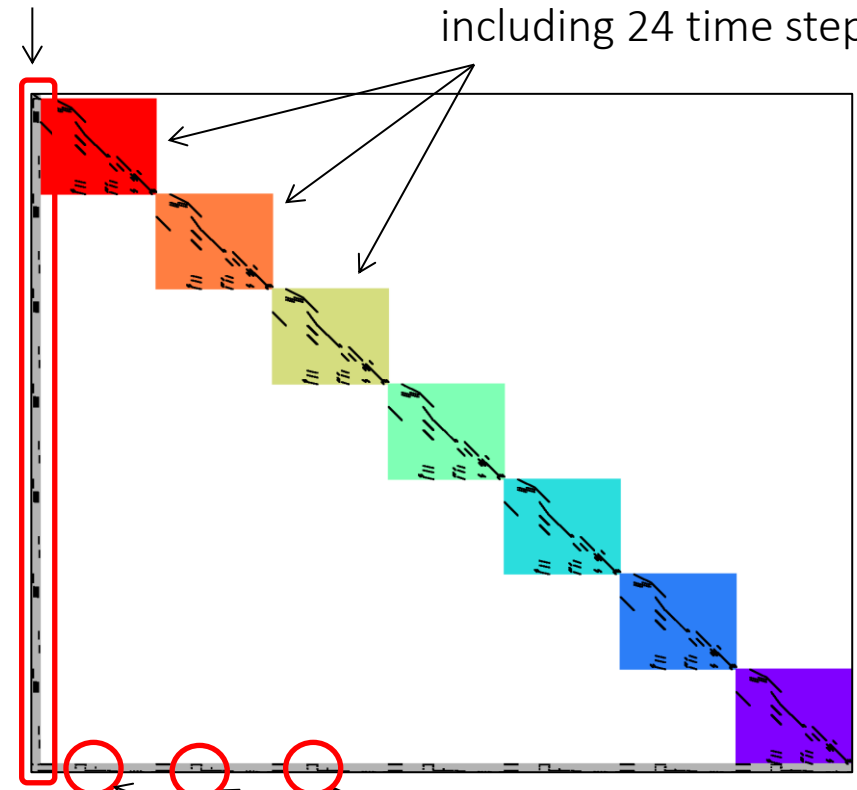


time block 2



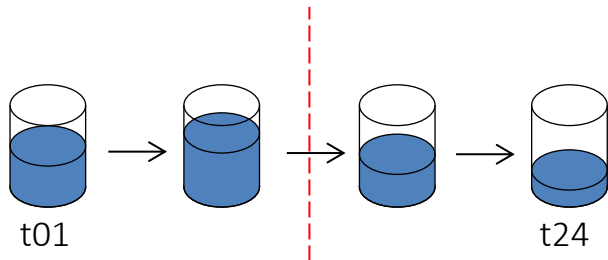
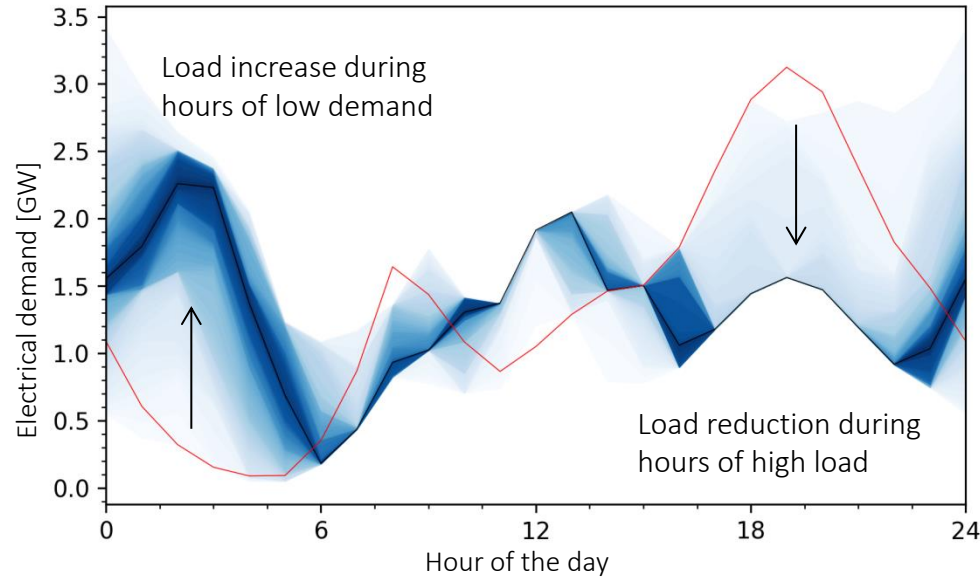
capacity investments

7 partial problems
including 24 time steps

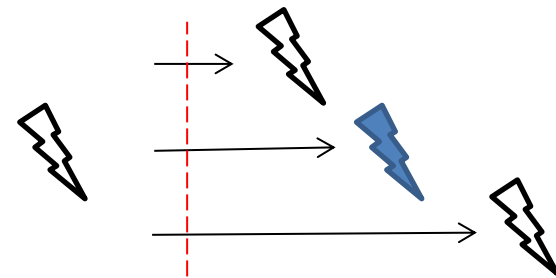


storage level from
previous time blocks

Annotation – temporal decomposition II



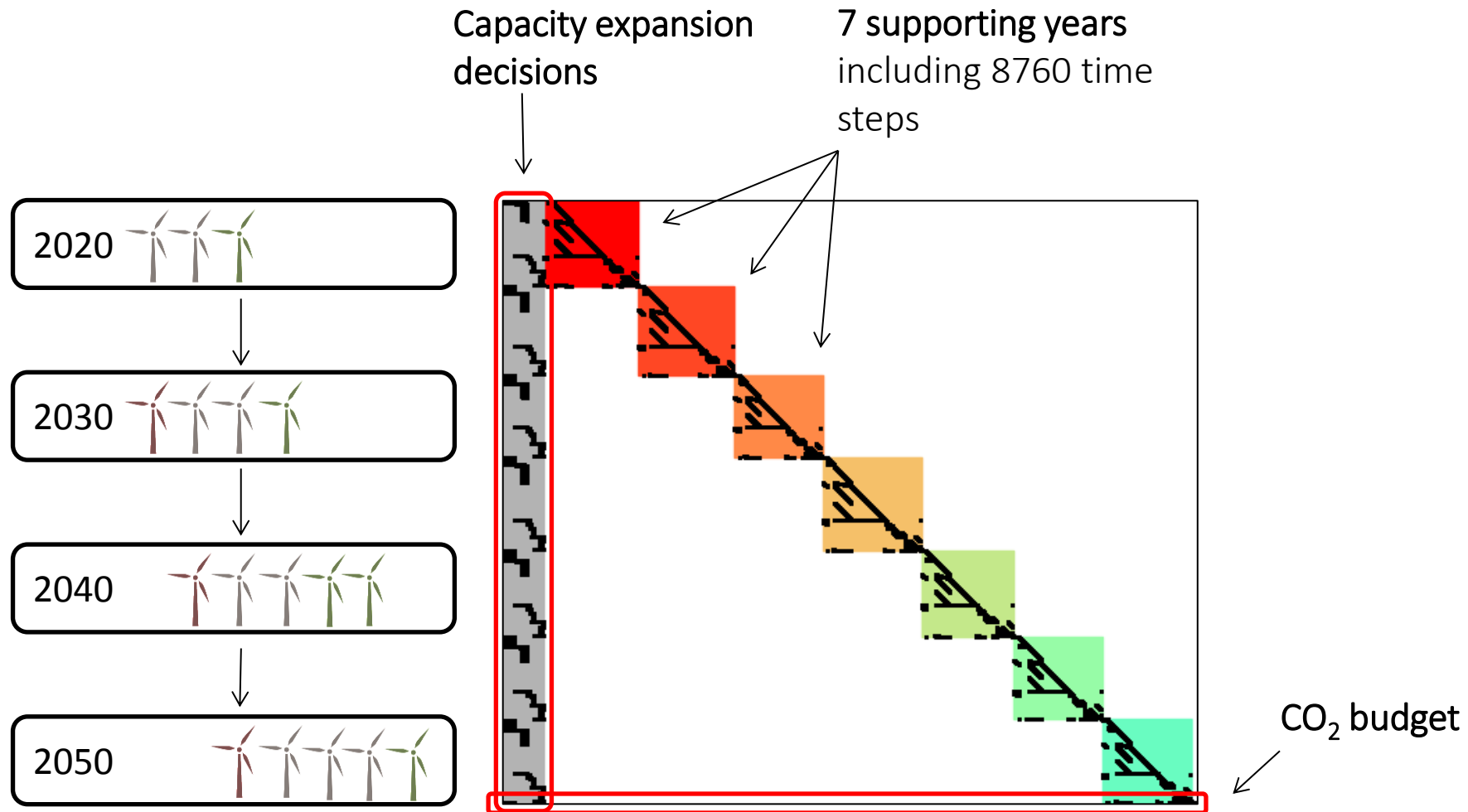
Storage equations link the storage levels
→ 1 link per time step



Shifting equations allow delaying of load
→ multiple links per time step

Annotation – planning horizon decomp.

Linking by years: construction and decommissioning of power plants, CO₂ budgets



- Largest model optimized with PIPS-IPM

SIMPLE instance with 91 million variables, 90 million constraints

CPLEX

Using 16 threads
Aborted after 12 hours

PIPS-IPM@JURECA

2000 Cores
Finished in 33 minutes

- Systematic evaluation of solver performance with different annotations
- Systematic reduction of temporal resolutions to evaluate adequate resolution

→ Smart modelling is always better...
(... if you know the error you make!)

Project BEAM-ME

Contact:

Manuel.Wetzel@dlr.de

DLR – German Aerospace Center

Institute of Engineering Thermodynamics

Systems Analysis and Technology Assessment

Pfaffenwaldring 38-40

70569 Stuttgart

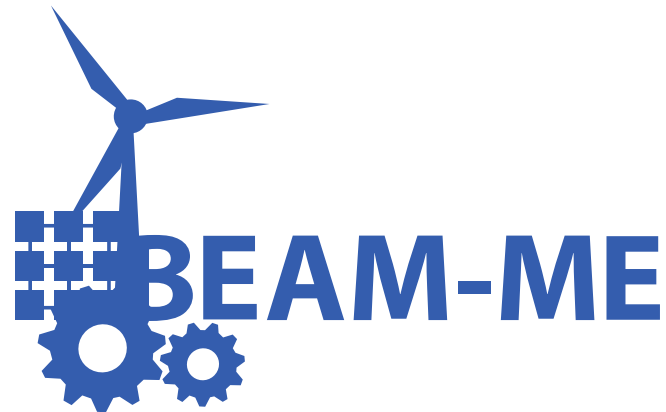
Germany

Supported by:



Federal Ministry
for Economic Affairs
and Energy

on the basis of a decision
by the German Bundestag



A PROJECT BY



H L R T S



Deutsches Zentrum
für Luft- und Raumfahrt
German Aerospace Center

